LIC Previous Question Paper

Apprentice Development Officers (ADO's) Exam

Previous Paper (Held on 13-06-2010) Reasoning Ability

		Acasoning Abinty			
1.	How many such pairs of	of letters are there in the wo	ord TRANSFER each of which		
	has as many letters bet	ween them in the word as	in the English alphabet?		
	1) None	2) One	3) Two		
	4) Three	5) More than three			
2.	D is sister of F. M is br	other of F. K is brother of	D and son of T. R is wife of T		
	How is F related to T?				
	1) Son	2) Daughter	3) Son or daughter		
	4) Data inadequate	5) None of these			
3.	The positions of how m	nany digits in the number 8	359614 will remain unchanged		
	after the digits are rearranged in descending order within the number?				
	1) None	2) One	3) Two		
	4) Three	5) More than three			
4.	In a certain code 'STAGE' is written as '4@@59' and 'EARN' is written as 9@87				
	How is 'NEST' written	in that code?			
	1) 497@	2) 794@	3) @©79		
	4) 79@©	5) None of these			
5.	In a certain code TRILOGY is written as HQSMXFN. How is CREDITS writ				
	ten in that code?				
	1) DQBERSH	2) FSDCTUJ	3) DQBETUJ		
	4) FSDCRSH	5) None of these			
Dire	ections (6 - 10): Study 1	the following arrangeme	nt carefully and answer the		
	questio	ns given below:			
	H 3 \$ E K 5 @ M % I	8 2 T A F 6 W I © N V ★	P4QδRDZ		
6.			vay based on their positions in		
	_	t and so form a group. W	Thich is the one that does no		
	belong to that group?	0) 110 4	0) 4700		
	1) FAW	2) N©★	3) 4Pδ		

5) SEH

4) M©I

7.	How many such symbols are there in the above arrangement each of which is immediately preceded by a number and immediately followed by a letter?		
	1) None	2) One	3) Two
	4) Three	5) More than three	
8.	Which of the following is	the fifth to the left of the six	xteenth from the left end
	of the above arrangement?)	
	1) 2	2) ©	3) 8
	4) 6	5) None of these	
9.	If all the symbols and num	nbers are dropped from the a	bove arrangement which
	of the following will be th	e fourteenth from the right e	nd?
	1) T	2) K	3) N
	4) P	5) None of these	
10.	•	are there in the above arrangal letter but not immediately	
	1) None	2) One	3) Two
	4) Three	5) More than three	
Direc		uestions, certain symbols l	
		onships between elements a	
	_	r greater than nor equal to Q	
	-	smaller than nor equal to Q.	
	'P @ Q' means 'P is not sn		
	'P % Q means P is not great	_	
	-	r greater than nor smaller tha	
are are tr	followed by three conclus	ements showing relationships sions I, II and III. Assuming son(s) is /are definitely true?	
11.	Statement:	•	
	R % T, T © K, K \$ M, M	@ V	
	1×10^{-1} , $1 \otimes 1 \times 1 \times 10^{-1}$, 1×1		
	Conclusions: I. M \odot T	II. R © K	III. K \$ V
		II. R © K 2) Only I and II are true	
	Conclusions: I. M © T		

12. Statements:

W \$ N N © R, R @ K, K % F

Conclusions: I. $F \star R$ II. R \$ W III. $N \odot K$

- 1) None is true
- 2) Only I is true
- 3) Only II is true

- 4) Only III is true
- 5) Only II and III are true

13. Statements:

F @ M, M % W, W \$ R, R © V

Conclusions: I. V \$ M II. F \$ W III. R © F

- 1) None is true
- 2) Only I is true
- 3) Only II is true

- 4) Only III is true
- 5) Only I and III are true

14. Statements:

B \$ D, D @ M, M % K, K © R

Conclusions: I. R \$ M II. K@D III. B \$ M

- 1) Only I and II are true
- 2) Only I and III are true
- 3) Only II and III are true
- 4) All I, II and III are true
- 5) None of these

15. Statements:

N@W, W★K, K©V, V\$F

Conclusions: I. K★N II. K@N III. F©W

- 1) Only I is true
- 2) Only II is true
- 3) Only III is true

4) Only either I or II is true

5) None of these

Directions (16-20) Study the following information carefully and answer the questions given below:

P.Q.R.S.T.V.W and Z are sitting around a circle facing the centre. S is second to the right of V who is third to the right of T.Q. is second to the left of T and fourth to the right of Z, W is third to the right of P who is not an immediate neighbour of T.

- **16.** Four of the following five are alike in a certain way based on their positions is the above arrangement and so form a group. Which is the one that does not belong to that group?
 - 1) ZRV

2) SPQ

3) VZP

4) TWR

5) QWT

17. Who is to the immediate left of w?

	1) Q	2) T	3) S
	4) Data inadequate	5) None of these	
18.	Who is second to the left	of R?	
	1) T	2) Q	3) W
	4) Data Inadequate	5) None of these	
19.	Who is fourth to the left of	of P?	
	1) R	2) Z	3) W
	4) T	5) Data inadequate	
20.	In which of the following	pairs is the first person sitting	g to the immediate right
	of the second person?		
	1) SQ	2) TW	3) ZV
	4) PS	5) QW	
Dire	ctions (21-25): Study the	following information car	efully and answer the

Directions (21-25): Study the following information carefully and answer the questions given below:

Following are the conditions for selecting Manager- Accounts in an organisation.

The Candidate must:

- i. be at least 28 years and not more than 33 years as on 01.06.2010.
- ii. be agraduate with at least 55 percent marks.
- iii. be a post graduate dergee/ diploma holder in financial management with atleast 60 percent marks.
- iv. have post qualification work experience of atleast seven years in the Finance department of an organisation.www.previouspapers.in
- v. have secured 40 percent marks in the personal interview.

In the case of a candidates who satisfies all the conditions EXCEPT:

- A) at (iii) above but has completed CA/ICWA/CFA after his/ her graduation, the case is to be referred to executive Director- Finance.
- B) at (v) above but has secured at least 35 percent marks in the personal interview and at least 65 percent marks in graduation. The case is to be referred to General Manager Finance.

In each question below are given details of one candidate. You have to take one of the following courses of action based on the information provided and the conditions and sub- conditions given above and mark the number of that course of action as

your answer. You are not to assume anything other that the information provided in each question. All These cases are given to your as on 01.06.2010.

Mark Answer (1) if the case is to be referred to Executive Director - Finance.

Mark answer (2) if the case is to be referred to General Manager- Finance.

Mark answer (3) if the candidate is to be selected.

Mark answer (4) if the candidate is not to be selected.

Mark answer (5) if the data provided are not adequate to take a decision

- 21. Subodh Saha has been working in the finance department of an organisation for the past seven years after completing his post Graduate degree in Financial Management with 60 percent marks. He has secured 53 percent marks in the personal interview. He was born on 8th may 1984.
- 22. Abhiram Gupta was born on 8th July 1980. He has been working in the Finance department of an organisation for the past nine years after completing his post graduation degree in Financial Management with 68 percent marks. He has secured 37 percent marks in personal interview and 70 percent marks in graduation.
- 23. Suchitra Kulkarni has been working in the finance department of an organisation for the past eight years. She was born on 12th April 1979. She has secured 65 percent marks in both graduation and post graduate diploma in financial management. She has also secured 50 percent marks personal interview.
- **24.** Atul Sangma was born on 24th March 1980. He has secured 45 percent marks in the personal interview and 60 percent marks in graduation. He has been working organisation for th past seven yeas after completing his post graduate degree in Financial Management with 65 percent marks.
- 25. Neha Juneja was born on 4th September 1981. She has been working in the Finance department of an organisation for the past eight years after completing her ICWA after obtaining 58 percent marks in graduation. she has secured 48 percent marks in the personal Interview.

NUMERICAL ABILITY

Directions (26-35): What should come in place of the question mark (>) in the following questions?

26.
$$99 \div 9 + 0.5 = ?$$

1) 5.5

2) 11

3) 4.5

4) 22

5) None of these

27.	$8^{2.8} \times 64^{3.6} \div 512^{1.4} = 8^{6}$?	
	1) 5.8	2) 14.2	3) 8.6
	4) 9.2	5) None of these	
28.	24% of 550 – ? % If 124	= 76.2	
	1) 45	2) 30	3) 50
	4) 35	5) None of these	
29.	$24.5 \times 45.4 \times 2.5 = ?$		
	1) 2880.25	2) 2780.75	3) 2770.75
	4) 2870.22	5) None of these	
30.	$326 \frac{1}{4} \div 9 = ?$		
	1) 64.5	2) 24.75	3) 36.25
	4) 72.5	5) None of these	
31.	$2.5 \times ? = 824.2$		
	1) 333.86	2) 329.68	3) 337.46
	4) 324.48	5) None of these	
32.	$416 \times 18 - 2288 = ?$		
	1) 5202	2) 5000	3) 5205
	4) 5002	5) None of these	
33.	54% of 675 = ?		
	1) 307.5	2) 346.5	3) 370.5
	4) 364.5	5) None of these	
34.	888.88 + 684.48 + 726.60	6 = ?	
	1) 2230.02	2) 2030.02	3) 2003.02
	4) 2302.02	5) None of these	
35.	$3960 \div (48 \times 2.5) = ?$		
	1) 206.25	2) 42	3) 33
	4) 260.25	5) None of these	
36.	A Car covers a distance of the Car?	of 720 Kms. in 12 hours. Wha	at is the average speed of
	1) 60 kmph	2) 40 kmph	3) 55 kmph
	4) 75 kmph	5) None of these	

37.	The owner of a furniture shop charges his customer 18% more than the coaprice. If a customer paid Rs. 10,207 for a dining table, then what was the original price of the dining table?		
	1) Rs. 9,240	2) Rs. 8,650	3) Rs. 9,840
	,		<i>5)</i> Ks. <i>5</i> ,040
20	4) Rs. 7,670	5) None of these	
38.	1 respectively. What is the	and his son is 30 years. The	ratio of their ages is 4:
	-		2) 16 years
	1) 12 years	2) 14 years	3) 16 years
20	4) 24 years	5) None of these	
39.		to be added to 2,400 to make	
	1) 100	2) 191	3) 201
	4) 96	5) None of these	
40.	What would be the compe	ound interest obtain on a am	ount of Rs. 2,840 at the
	rate of 15 p.c.p.a after 2 y	ears?	
	1) Rs. 905.5	2) Rs. 951.5	3) Rs. 928.9
	4) Rs. 915.9	5) None of these	
41.	The product of two consecutives	cutive odd numbers is 2303.	What is the greater num-
	ber?		
	1) 45	2) 47	3) 51
	4) 49	5) None of these	
42.	The difference between 31	1% of a number and 1.1% of	the same number is 360.
	What is 23% of that numb	per?	
	1) 426	2) 414	3) 306
	4) 432	5) None of these	
43.	A canteen requires 22 doze	en apples for seven days. How	many dozen apples will
	it require for 336 days?		
	1) 1104	2) 1128	3) 1056
	4) 1047	5) None of these	
44.	In an examination it is req	uired to get 750 of the aggreg	gate marks to pass. A stu-
		declared failed by 4% makrs	
	aggregate marks a student	can get?	
	1) 1050	2) 1140	3) 1250
	4) Can not be determined		5) None of these

45. The cost of 2 watches and 2 lockets is Rs. 10,800. What is the cost of 6 watches and 3 lockets?

1) Rs. 18,400

2) Rs. 15,850

3) Rs. 12,600

4) Cannot be determined

5) None of these

Directions (48-50): Study the following table carefully and answer the questions that follow:

Number of people (in hundreds) recruited by six. different organisations over the years.						
$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{Organisation} \rightarrow \\ \textbf{year} \downarrow \end{array}$	A	В	C	D	E	F
2004	1.8	2.1	1.5	1.9	2.1	2.6
2005	2.4	1.3	1.8	1.6	2.6	2.4
2006	1.3	2.4	1.9	2.3	2.8	2.7
2007	2.2	2.5	2.2	2.0	2.2	2.6
2008	2.1	1.6	2.4	1.8	2.4	1.4
2009	1.9	1.7	2.6	1.9	2.5	1.5

46.	In which	organisation	did the	number	of people	being	recruited	increase	each
	year?								

1) A

2) B

3) C

4) D

5) None of these

47. What is the respective ratio between the total number of people recruited by organisation A in the years 2008 and 2009 together to those recruited by organisation F in the years 2004 and 2005 together?

1) 7:6

2) 5:4

3) 6:7

4) 4:5

5) None of these

48. Number of people recruited by organisation E in the year 2007 is approximately what percent of the total number of people recruited by that organisation over all the years together?

1) 8

2) 15

3) 3

4) 25

5) 28

49.	What is the total number of people recruited from all the organisations together		
	in the year 2005?		
	1) 1990	2) 1230	3) 1240
	4) 1200	5) None of thes	e
50.	What is the percent incre	ease in the number	r of people recruited by organisation
	D in the year 2006 from	the previous year	?
	1) 43.75	2) 38.25	3) 45.75
	4) 46.25	5) None of thes	e
	General Know	ledge and Cu	irrent Affaies
51.	Which of the following	types of compani	ies/ organisations issue ULIP? (The
	ULIPS were recently in r	news)	
	1) Insurance companies	2) Banks	3) NABARD
	4) RBI	5) All of these	
52.	Insurance business in Ind	lia is regulated by	which of the following authorities?
	1) NFCG	2) IRDA	3) CII
	4) FICCI	5) All of these	
53.	Which amongst the following India?	owing is NOT an	insurance company functioning in
	1) ICICI Prudential	2) ING Wasya	3) ICICI Lombard
	4) New India Assurance	,	,
			ı
54	5) National Securities De		scator company in the filed of life
54.	insurance?	is the only public	e sector company in the filed of life
	1) General Insurance Cor	npany	2) New India Assurance Company
	3) Oriental Insurance Con	mpany	4) Sahara Life Insurance
	5) Life Insurance Corpor	ation of India	
55.	As per the news in vario	ous financial news	spapers, Larson & Toubro (L&T) is
	planning to enter the insu	irance business in	India. Otherwise, what is the major
	business of L&T, which i	it is known for?	
	1) News paper Publication	ons	2) Media Entertainment
	3) Car and Automobile P	roduction	4) Textiles
	5) Heavy Engineering &	Construction	

- **56.** "A contract that pledges payment of an agreed upon amount to the person (or his/her nominee) on the happening of an event covered against" is technically known as
 - 1) Death coverage
- 2) Life Insurance
- 3) Savings for future

- 4) Provident Fund
- 5) None of these
- **57.** As per the news published in various newspapers, Life Insurance policies may become paperless in the near future. This means
 - 1) LIC will not insure any person here after as it has already reached its peak
 - 2) LIC will not ask for any documents from a person who wishes to purchase an Insurance policy
 - 3) All policy related documents and policy certificates will henceforth be available in electronic form and not in their present physical form and not in their present physical form
 - 4) LIC henceforth will not entertain any claim or complaint in written form or on paper. Things should be in electronic condition.
 - 5) None of these
- **58.** In Insurance policies we always find a date which is "Date of Maturity". What does it mean?
 - 1) This is the date on which the policy was sold to the customer/person insured.
 - 2) This is the date on which the policy holder will have to submit his/her claim seeking the amount of the policy. Otherwise the company will not make any payment to him/her.
 - 3) This is the date on which the contract between the person and insurance company will come to an end.
 - 4) The date on which the insurance company makes the final payment to the insured person which is normally fifteen days after the "payment due date".
 - 5) None of these
- **59.** As we know, the Government is paying much attention to "Micro Finance" these days. Which of the following is one of the examples of Micro Finance?
 - 1) Insurance for life
- 2) Investment in Mutual Funds
- 3) Self Help Groups
- 4) Letter of Credit
- 5) All of these
- **60.** Which of the following insurance plan is not launched by LIC?
 - 1) Jeevan Abhaya
- 2) Life Mahalife Gold Plan
- 3) Child Career Plan
- 4) Child Future Plan
- 5) Jeevan Saral

~1	XXII.1.1	. / 	D . 1 C 2010 119			
61.	Which of the following is/are the highlights of the Union Budget for 2010-11?					
		A) Rs. 3000 crores allotted for agriculture sector				
	B) Fertiliser subsidy to b					
	C) Hope to implement D	irect Tax code from April 20	11			
	1) Only A	2) Only B	3) Only C			
	4) A, B and C	5) None of these				
62.	Who amongst the follow	ing is the author of the book	"The White Tiger"?			
	1) Arundhati Roy	2) V.S.Naipaul	3) Kiran Desai			
	4) Vikram Seth	5) Aravind Adiga				
63.	Who amongst the following lifetime achievement?	ng is the Man Booker Prize v	winner of 2009 for his/her			
	1) Alice Munro	2) Chetan Bhagat	3) Shobha De			
	4) Graham Swift	5) None of these				
64.	Which of the following	is the best description of w	what insurance is? (Many			
	times companies also communicate the same to the person interested in getting					
	an insurance policy)					
	1) Insurance = Collective bearing of risk					
	2) Insurance = Paying for other's mistake					
	3) Insurance = Taking from	om 'A' to pay 'B'				
	4) Insurance = Paying for	r something which will never	happen			
	5) All of these					
65.		ing won OSCAR Award for Gramme Awards in 2010 for				
	1) Aamir Khan	2) Rituparno Ghosh	3) Deepa Mehta			
	4) Mani Ratnam	5) A.R. Rahman				
66.	_	ts made in the Union Budget Rs. 16,500 crores from the exetting this amount?				
	1) To strengthen their capital base					
	2) To provide retirement	benefits to their employees				
	3) To give the public sect	or banks an image make ove	er			
	4) All 1, 2 and 3 given at	5) None of these				

67.	Who amongst the following Indian players was one of the members of the team		
	which won the Australian	Open Lawn Tennis Tournam	ent 2010?
	1) Leander Paes	2) Mahesh Bhupati	3) Sania Mirza
	4) Sunitha Rao	5) None of these	
68.	Which of the following o	rganisations/ agencies frame	the Monetary and Credit
	Policy which is followed	by all banks in India?	
	1) Indian Bank's Associat	ion	
	2) Reserve Bank of india		
	3) Securities & Exchange	Board of India	
	4) Government of India		5) None of these
69.	Which of the following to	erms is used in the game of C	ricket?
	1) Penalty storke	2) Knock out	3) Bully
	4) Checkmate	5) Silly point	
70.	Which of the following co	ountries was the host of the S	AARC Summit 2010?
	1) Bangladesh	2) Nepal	3) India and Bhutan
	4) Bhutan	5) None of these	
71.	Who amongst the follow	ing is not, a winner of the "I	Padmashri Award" given
	away in 2010?		
	1) Ulhas Kashalkar	2) Saif Ali Khan	3) Rekha
	4) Lalit Modi	5) Raghunath Panigrahi	
72.		erms is Not used in the world	of finance, banking and
	insurance?		
	1) Devaluation	2) Amnesty	3) Hard currency
	4) Preference share		
73.		ring NOT amongst the winner	ers of the 56 th National
	Film Awards?		
	•	2) Priyanka Chopra	3) Hariharan
	4) Shilpa Shetty	, ,	
74.		Prize for 2009 was given to t	he
	•	2) Prime Minister of Nepal	
	3) President of Afghanista	an	
	4) Prime Minister of Ban	gladesh	5) None of these

- 75. Which of the following awards is given for excellence in the field of Sports?
 - 1) Gnanpith Award
- 2) Bharat Ratna Award
- 3) Arjuna Aaward

- 4) Kalidas Samman
- 5) None of these

ENGLISH LANGUAGE

Directions (76-80): In each question a sentence with two words/ group of words printed in **bold** type are given. One of them are both of them may have a certain error, you have to find out the correct word/ group of words from among the four choices given below each sentence to replace the incorrect words/ group of words and make the sentence grammatically correct and meaningful. If the sentence is correct as it is mark (5) i.e., No correction required' as your answer.

- **76.** RBI has asked banks **that disclose** the fees and commissions they have camed through the **sell** of life insurance policies.
 - 1) disclosure selling
- 2) disclosed sell
- 3) to disclose sale

- 4) can disclose sales
- 5) No correction required
- 77. Our Development officer is very **encourage** and helps me do what ever is **necessity** to achieve my goals.
 - 1) encouraging necessary
- 2) encouraged necessarily
- 3) encourages necessary
- 4) encouraging necessities
- 5) No correction required
- **78.** According to experts, the Indian banking system is **better that of every** developed countries
 - 1) Very good any
- 2) best much
- 3) more better all

- 4) better than many
- 5) No correction required
- **79.** People should **be buying** health insurance at a young age and **maintains** it for a lifetime.
 - 1) be bought maintained
 - 2) buy maintain
 - 3) have bought be maintaining
 - 4) not buy will maintain
 - 5) No correction required

80. Life insurance companies have appointed **around** 13 lakh agents during 2008 - 09 **despite** the recession

- 1) nearly because
- 2) about inspire
- 3) approximate on account
- 4) alomost In
- 5) No correction required

Direction (81-90): Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions given below it. Certain word/ phrases are printed in **bold** to help you locate them while answering some of the questions.

Most of the world's healthcare is financed directly by governments, but private insurance, which now makes up nearly a fifth of the total. Looks set for a state sponsored boom in the hope of solving problems in national systems of helthcare which include inadequate access to care and soaring costs.

In most countries state financed healthcare is not available to all. So governments want private insurance to be expanded to **cover** everyone. The most prominent effort is underway in America, where about 47 million lack health insurance of any kind. This effort is similar to reforms undertaken over the past decade in the Netherlands and Switzerland. To ensure equitable access, both countries forbid private insurers from discriminating against, applicants because they are in poor health or at high risk of falling ill. This practice is known as "lemon dropping" A lightly regulated expansion of private insurance in effect turning health insurance into a utility - can thus expand coverage. This is also likely be true in developing countries. Whose public health care systems are often hopelessly over stretched and under funded, although because poor countries cannot afford the subsides and regulatory mechanism of the rich world, coverage is likely be **confined** to the better off.

The second reason why government have turned to private insurance is cost control. The hope was that by ruthlessly tackling costs and promoting efficiency, market-minded insurers would help rein in runaway health inflation where, governments could not. Whatever the role played in a health system, private health-insurance has added to total health expences. It is no coincidence, that the countries with the biggest private health-insurance sectors-America, France, Germany and Switzerland - also have some of the highest healthcare costs per person.

There are several explanations for this. Because a third party pays the bill, the

true cost of health services is rarely made clear to them. Nor is the true price of insurance, especially if coverage is provided through an employer. This encourages over-insurance and **over-consumption of healthcare**. Another incentive problem also arises from lack of transparent pricing. Studies have shown that the fees for similar procedures vary widely among hospitals in the same area. Because hospitals and doctors both decide on the services patients must have and dictate the price of those services, they often enjoy a powerful information advantage over insurers. Thus doctors and hospitals have an informational advantage and an incentive to over supply their services.

- **81.** Why do governments look to private insurers to reduce inflation in the health-care system?
 - A) Private health insurance companies are professionally managed.
 - B) It is in the interest of the private insurers to do so.
 - C) Their pricing system does not reveal the hidden costs in healthcare.
 - 1) Only B

2) Only C

3) Only B and C

- 4) All A, B & C
- 5) None of these.
- **82.** Which of the following is a problem facing healthcare system in developing countries?
 - 1) Quality healthcare is available only in private hospitals.
 - 2) Constant government interference in the system.
 - 3) Healthcare facilities are insufficient and often made available only to the rich.
 - 4) Subsidising healthcare has resulted in many hospitals becoming loss making.
 - 5) Profitable hospitals are forced to bail out loss making ones.
- **83.** Which of the following is TRUE about private health insurance?
 - A) According to prevailing laws, private health insurers can cater to only 20 percent of the population.
 - B) In western countries private health insurance is unregulated by the government.
 - C) Most governments are now encouraging the participation of private companies in providing healthcare.
 - 1) Only A and C
- 2) Only C

3) Only A and B

- 4) All A, B and C
- 5) None of these

84. What does the phrase 'over consumption of healthcare' convey in the context of the passage?

- 1) People opt for unnecessary medical treatments because they do not have to pay for it.
- 2) Healthcare consumes too much of a nations budget in developed countries.
- 3) Government hospitals often recommend unnecessary procedures for patients.
- 4) In developing countries, the healthcare system cannot cope with the demands of their population
- 5) None of these

85. Why did the government of Switzerland prohibit the practice of lemon dropping?

- 1) To reduce the profits of private health insurers.
- 2) To facilitate equitable access to all its citizens.
- 3) To prevent discrimination against the poor.
- 4) To ensure that America's healthcare system problems do not occur in theirs.
- 5) To cut the cost of healthcare per person.

86. What is the author's main objective in writing the passage?

- 1) Convincing governments to restrict private sector participation in health care
- 2) Criticising developing countries for the efforts to reform their health care systems.
- 3) Pointing out the advantage of adopting European healthcare reforms in developing countries.
- 4) Elaborating the pros and cons of private sector participation in health insurance.
- 5) Stating that state interference in health insurance is undesirable

87. What impact has the lack of transparency in pricing had on healthcare costs?

- 1) Patients have become key decision makers in the treatment process.
- 2) Medical personnel do not get uniform incentives.
- 3) Insurance and doctors conspire to charge exorbitant fees for treatment.
- 4) Well off patients often end up with huge subsidies from hospitals.
- 5) Doctors and hospitals have an informational advantage and an incentive to over-supply their services.

Directions (88-89): Which of the following is **most similar** in meaning to the word given in **bold** as used in the passage?

given in bu	id as used in the passage?			
CONFINED				
1) Captured	2) Locked	3) Detained		
4) Limited	5) Imprisoned			
COVER				
1) Conceal	2) Hide	3) Suppress		
4) Bury	5) Include			
Which of the following is	s most opposite in meaning	to the word CONTROL		
given in bold as used in the passage?				
1) Permit	2) Obey	3) Supremacy		
4) Powerless	5) Increase			
ctions (91-95): Rearrange	the following six sentences (A	A), (B), (C), (D), (E) and		
	rm a meaningful paragraph; t	hen answer the questions		
n below them.				
•		n the next five years will		
be huge, next only to China's.				
B) Indian cellular equipment manufacturers however were not prepared for this surge in demand.				
C) In the 1990s cellular v	vireless telecom services in In	ndia were liberalised.		
D) To make Indian telecom manufacturers more self-sufficient concrete step need to be taken to increase India's R&D efforts in telecom.				
•		of cell phone subscribers		
F) Their lack of prepared	ness gave foreign players the	opportunity to step in.		
Which of the following w	vill be the FIFTH sentence as	fter rearrangement?		
1) B	2) C	3) D		
4) E	5) F			
Which of the following went?	will be the LAST (SIXTH)	sentence after rearrange-		
1) A	2) B	3) C		
4) D	5) E			
	CONFINED 1) Captured 4) Limited COVER 1) Conceal 4) Bury Which of the following is given in bold as used in to the proper sequence to form below them. A) After all India's expect be huge, next only to B) Indian cellular equipments surge in demand. C) In the 1990s cellular with the proper sequence to form below them. C) In the 1990s cellular with the proper sequence to be huge, next only to be huge, next only to be huge, next only to the proper sequence to form below them. C) In the 1990s cellular with the proper sequence to be taken to income to be taken t	1) Captured 2) Locked 4) Limited 5) Imprisoned COVER 1) Conceal 2) Hide 4) Bury 5) Include Which of the following is most opposite in meaning given in bold as used in the passage? 1) Permit 2) Obey 4) Powerless 5) Increase ctions (91-95): Rearrange the following six sentences (and the proper sequence to form a meaningful paragraph; to below them. A) After all India's expected equipment requirement in be huge, next only to China's. B) Indian cellular equipment manufacturers however was urge in demand. C) In the 1990s cellular wireless telecom services in In D) To make Indian telecom manufacturers more selfneed to be taken to increase India's R&D efforts in E) This resulted in a decrease in tarrifs and the volume grew phenomenenally. F) Their lack of preparedness gave foreign players the Which of the following will be the FIFTH sentence at 1) B 2) C 4) E 5) F Which of the following will be the LAST (SIXTH) ment? 1) A 2) B		

93.	Which of the following w	Which of the following will be the FIRST sentence after rearrangement's		
	1) A	2) B	3) C	
	4) D	5) E		
94.	Which of the following w	vill be the THIRD sentence a	fter rearrangement?	
	1) A	2) B	3) C	
	4) D	5) F		
95.	Which of the following w	vill be the SECOND sentence	e after rearrangement?	
	1) B	2) C	3) D	
	4) E	5) F		
Dire	ctions (96-100): Pick out	the most effective word/grow	up of words from those	
giver	n to fill in the blanks to ma	ke the sentence meaningfully	complete.	
96.	RBI is about the fact t	hat many banks are in mu	tual funds.	
	1) concerned, investing	2) worried, shared		
	3) sad, credited	4) interested, stocking	5) anxious, lending	
97.	The high of land in a housing	cities is one of the greatest	. in providing affordable	
	1) worth, boost	2) quality, decisions	3) value, prevention	
	4) cost, hindrances	5) price, trouble		
98.	Today over a milion f	armer households in India do	not have to banks.	
	1) less, need	2) more, opportunity	3) half, access	
	4) extent, contribution	5) partly, approach		
99.	Nowadays many general	insurance products are tl	nrough bank	
	1) selling, networking	2) distributed, branches	3) disburse, personnel	
	4) available, agent	5) loaned, channel		
100.		in rural areas NGOs are	self help groups and	
	youth in vocational subjection	cts.		
	1) realising, working		2) developing, taught	
	3) emerging, instructing		4) creating, learning	
	5) forming training			

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Key

1-4; 2-3; 3-1; 4-2; 5-1; 6-5; 7-4; 8-3; 9-2; 10-5; 11-3; 12-1; 13-1; 14-2; 15-4; 16-5; 17-1; 18-3; 19-4; 20-2; 21-4; 22-2; 23-3; 24-3; 25-1; 26-4; 27-1; 28-1; 29-2; 30-3; 31-2; 32-5; 33-4; 34-5; 35-3; 36-1; 37-2; 38-1; 39-5; 40-4; 41-4; 42-2; 43-3; 44-3; 45-5; 46-3; 47-4; 48-2; 49-5; 50-1; 51-1; 52-2; 53-5; 54-5; 55-5; 56-2; 57-3; 58-3; 59-3; 60-2; 61-3; 62-5; 63-1; 64-1; 65-5; 66-1; 67-1; 68-2; 69-5; 70-4; 71-4; 72-2; 73-4; 74-4; 75-3; 76-3; 77-1; 78-4; 79-2; 80-5; 81-5; 82-3; 83-2; 84-1; 85-2; 86-4; 87-5; 88-4; 89-5; 90-5; 91-3; 92-1; 93-3; 94-2; 95-4; 96-1; 97-4; 98-3; 99-2; 100-5;
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